Partners In Flight

North American Landbird Conservation Plan

Setting Continental Priorities for Landbird Conservation

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Outline



- Plan Objectives
- Biological Assessment
- Continental Priorities
- Avifaunal Regions
- Next Steps

Continental Plan – Objectives

- To provide a continental perspective on landbird conservation priorities
- Estimate population sizes and set population objectives
- Identify highest priority species –
 Partners In Flight Watch List
- Identify stewardship species –Keys to biotic integrity of regions





448 species of landbirds in the U.S. and Canada





Working actively with Mexico to bring another 450 species of landbirds into plan.



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Global Scores Database

Threats to Breeding Habitat	
Threats to Non-breeding Habitat	TN
Area of Breeding Distribution	BD
Area of Non-breeding Distribution	ND
Population Size	PS
Population Trend	PT

Future vulnerability on each factor
Low - Score 1
High - Score 5



Species of Continental Importance

- Watch List Species (100 species)
 - Combined score >14
 - Score of 13 with PT = 5
- Stewardship Species
 - "responsibility"
 - Strong ties to the ecological unit
- Total = 195 species



Alaska Watch List Species

Arctic

- Harris's Sparrow
- Short-eared Owl
- Rusty Blackbird
- McKay's Bunting
- Smith's Longspur

Northern Forest

- Olive-sided Flycatcher
- Blue Grouse
- Harris's Sparrow
- Rusty Blackbird
- Smith's Longspur

Pacific

Olive-sided Flycatcher
Blue Grouse
Rufous Hummingbird
Black Swift
Band-tailed Pigeon



Information for Each of 448 Species

Population Size

% Population in each BCR and Avifaunal Region Population Objective – Based on 1970s

Maintain

Increase by 50%

Double

Conservation Action Category IM, MA, PR Monitoring Need Category MO1, MO2, MO3



Purpose of Population Size Estimates

To meet expectations of key partners NAWMP

To provide perspective on the task at hand
Thousands or millions or billions?
To provide hard link to habitat area objectives
How much habitat do we need?
To stimulate and initiate dialogue on methods
Science committee being formed





Population Size Estimation Method

Used BBS data from 1990s

Counts averaged across years to give mean/species/route

Counts averaged across all routes within a geopolitical region (BCR x State)

Index of abundance = Mean count x Area

25.1 km²

Correction factors applied to index



Correction Factors



Pair Correction - For each individual detected
How many more are there?



Depends on social behavior, mating system &c.

Detection Area Correction

What is effective sampling area? $\Pi^*(1/4 \text{ mile})^2$

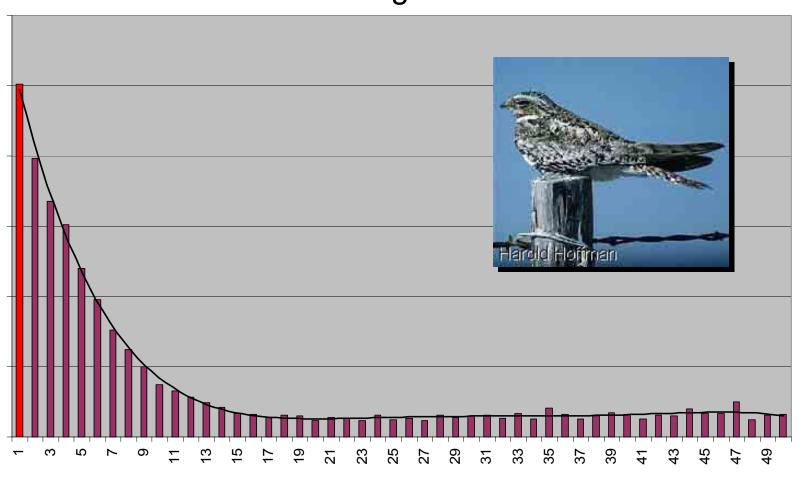




Time of Day Correction

Time of Day Correction





Population Objectives

Baseline is 1960s

Based on trend over last 30 years

Timeline for achievement is 30 years



Objectives

Double: For PT=5 (50% decline over 30 years)

Increase 50%: For PT=4 (15-50% decline)

Maintain/Increase: For PT=3 (unknown/imprecise trends)

Maintain: For PT=1 or PT=2 (stable or increasing)

Population Objectives

Calculating initial population objective for Any sub-continental unit is simple

But this just starts the dialogue that will lead To "real" population objectives





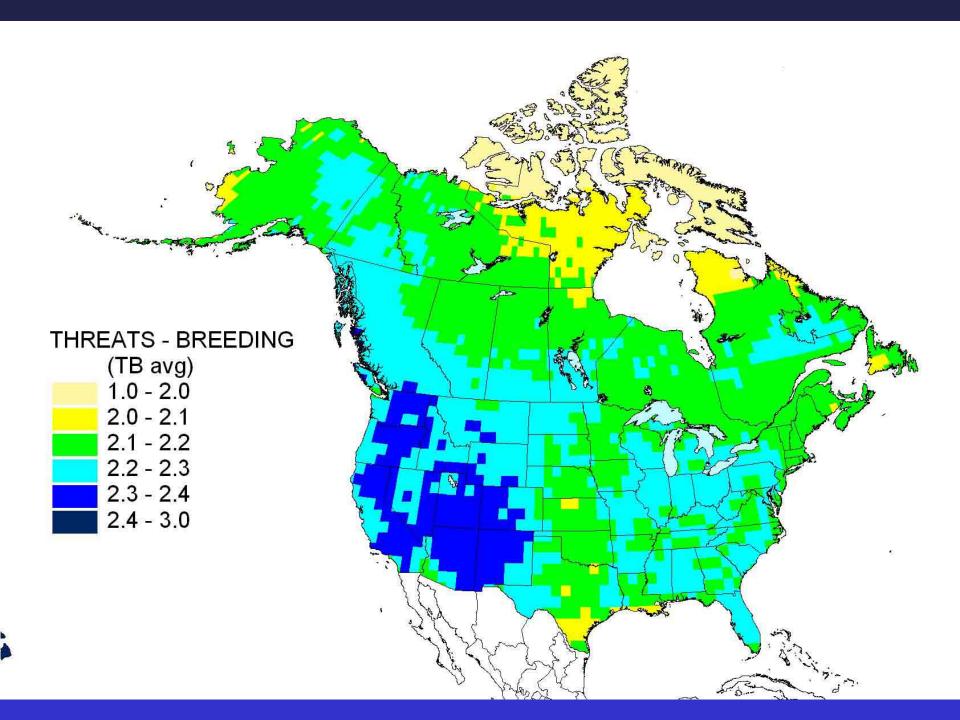
Within habitats and among BCRs

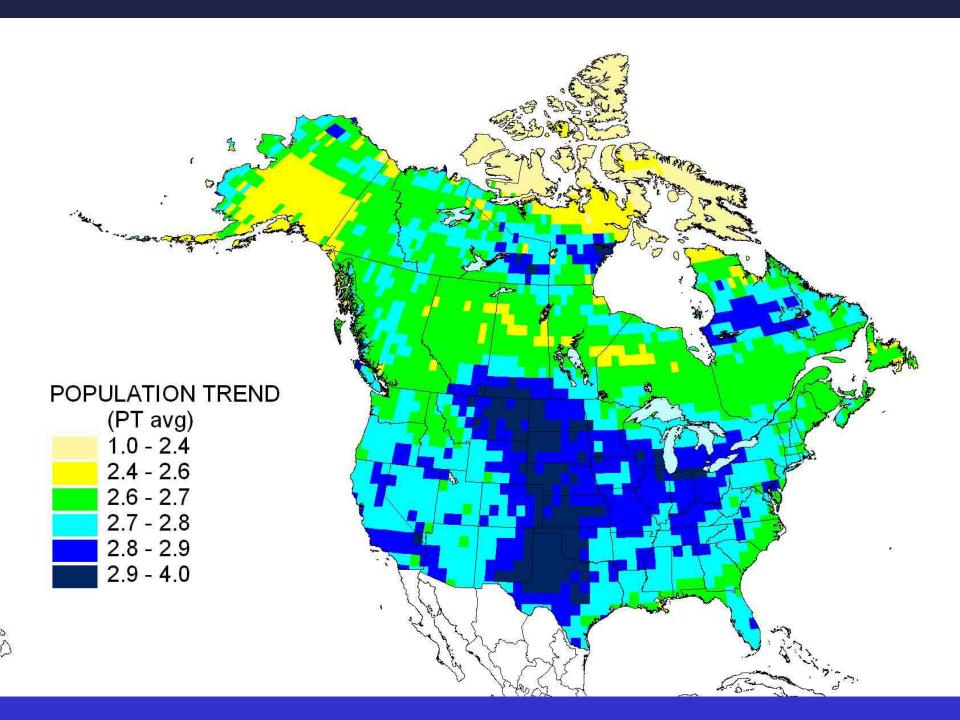


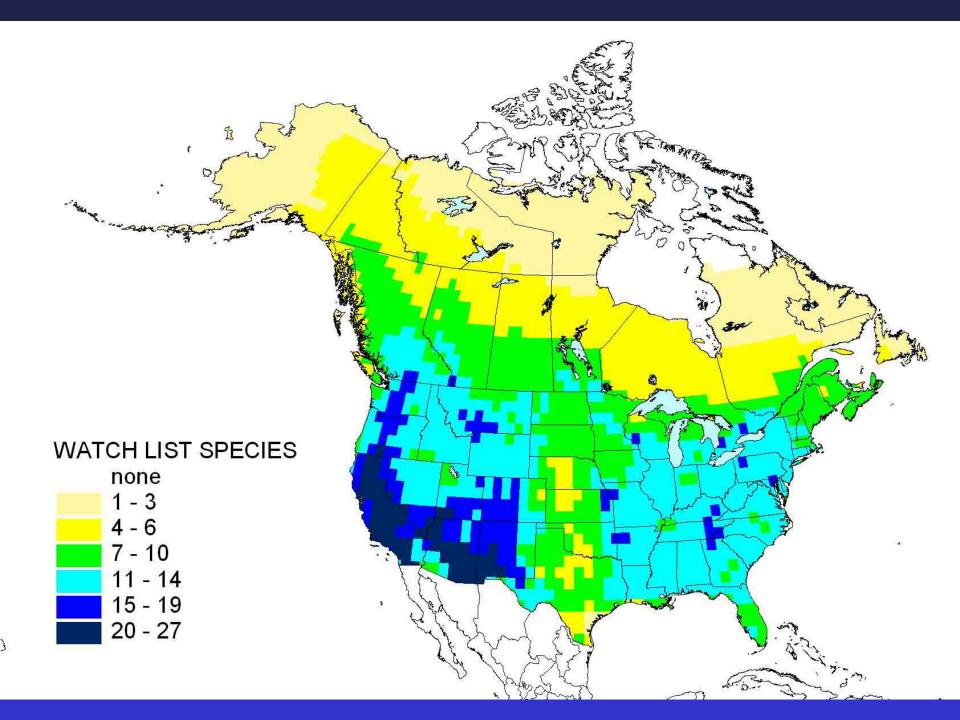
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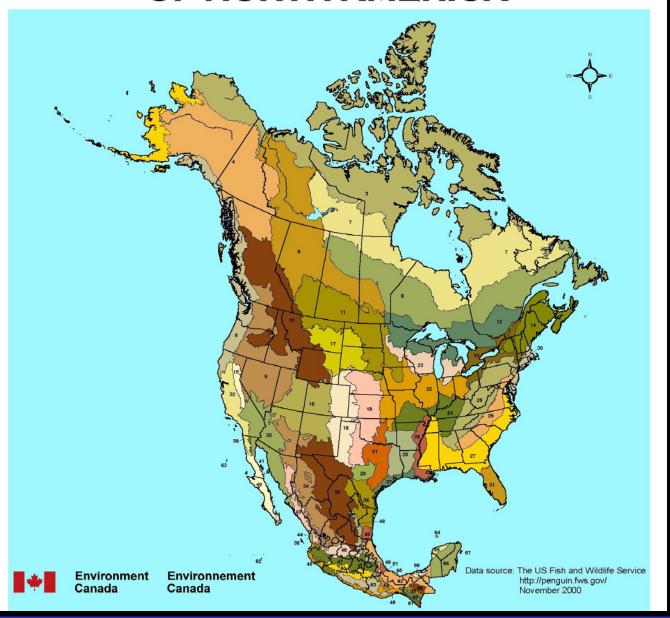


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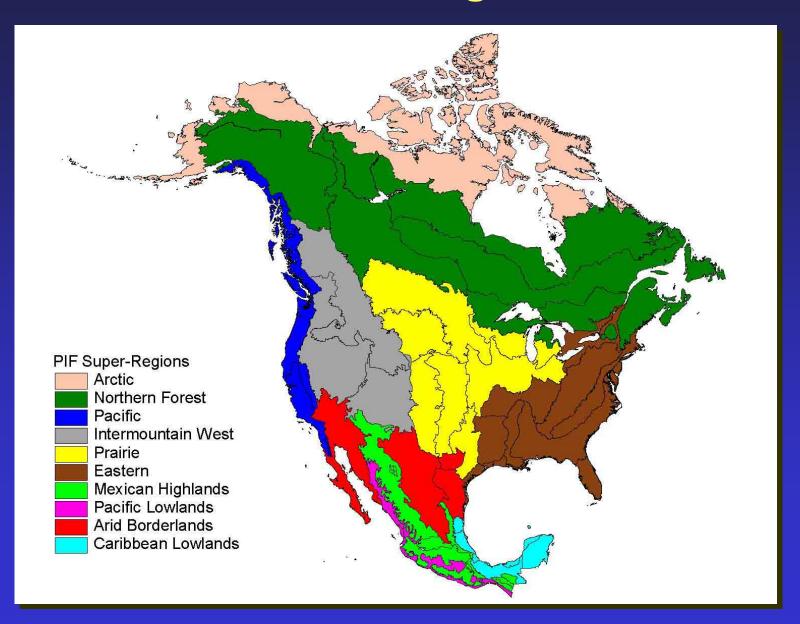


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BIRD CONSERVATION REGIONS OF NORTH AMERICA



Avifaunal Regions



Arctic Species	Conservation Action	% Breeding Population	Population Objective	Monitoring Need
Watch List Species				
Harris's Sparrow	MA	92%	Double	Mo2
Short-eared Owl	MA	13%	Double	Mo2,3
McKay's Bunting	PR	100%	Increase 15%	Mo1
Stewardship Species (High	% Global Popu	lation in Regi	ion)	
American Pipit	PR	86%	Maintain	Mo2
Gray-crowned Rosy-Finch	PR	83%	Maintain	Mo1
Golden-crowned Sparrow	PR	77%	Maintain	Mo2
Additional Stewardship Spe	ecies (High % W	/. Hemisphere	Population in R	egion)
Snowy Owl	PR	100%	Maintain	Mo2
Snow Bunting	PR	100%	Maintain	Mo2
Hoary Redpoll	PR	100%	Increase 15%	Mo2
Lapland Longspur	PR	100%	Increase 15%	Mo2
Rough-legged Hawk	PR	99%	Maintain	Mo2
Rock Ptarmigan	PR	99%	Increase 15%	Mo1
Gyrfalcon	PR	97%	Maintain	Mo2
Peregrine Falcon	PR	94%	Maintain	Mo2
Willow Ptarmigan	PR	83%	Increase 15%	Mo1

Monitoring

- Increase and enhance BBS
- Establish new programs
- Establish monitoring for boreal birds
- Improve migration monitoring



Next Steps

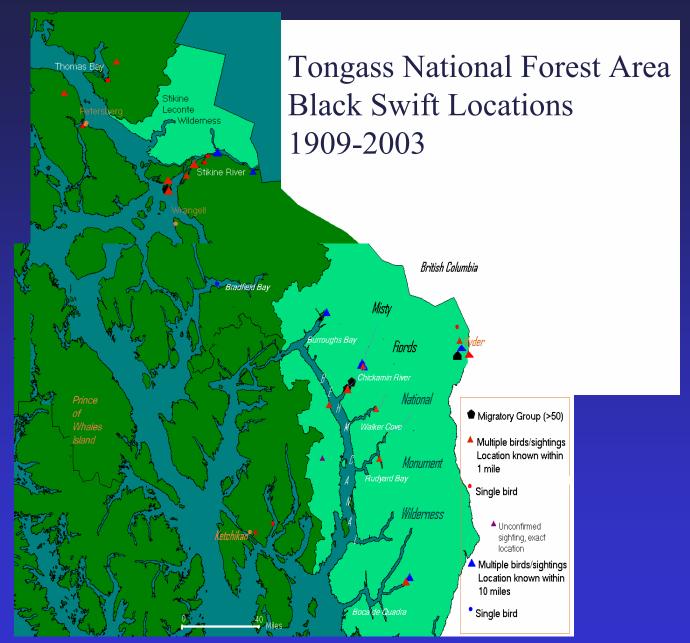
- Print final of version 1.0 by early 2004
- Begin dialogues on population estimates with sub-continental units
- Finalize monitoring plan for all species
- Add Mexican species
- Add wintering priorities
- Add subspecies and populations

Neotropical Migratory Bird Conservation Act

- Upland bird and habitat emphasis www.northamerican.fws.gov
- Proposals due January 16, 2004
- 1 million added in 2004 (to 4 million total)
- What they like.....
 - Large-scale (multi-sites, large landscapes)
 - International
 - Multiple components







Note: Single records exist for each Juneau, Sitka and Prince William Sound